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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/882,094	06/15/2001	Paul A. Zulpa	YOR920010351US1/I27-0008 7745	
75	90 07/09/2004		EXAMI	NER
Philmore H. Colburn II			FISCHETTI, JOSEPH A	
Cantor Colburn 55 Griffin Road			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Bloomfield, CT 06002			3627	
		DATE MAILED: 07/09/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
1	09/882,094	ZULPA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Joseph A. Fischetti	3627				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. It the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 A	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 April 2004.					
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)☑ Thi	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>11-20</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6) Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	or election requirement					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)□ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)□ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
 Certified copies of the priority document 	its have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documen						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price		ed in this National Stage				
application from the International Burea	• • • •					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	t of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
Attachmonto						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
 2) Notice of Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail D	r(PTO-413) ale Patent Application (PTO-152)				
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Election/Restrictions

Claims 11 – 20 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in Paper No. 4/21/04. However the arguments is not persuasive because it is directed to a species situation whereas the restriction was to inventions. It is now made FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because

the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. These claims fail to recite any connection to a technological art, namely, .

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6,7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is unclear what are the first and second conditions and first through third conditions for these claims.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haung et al. in view of Underwood. Haung et al. disclose a method for facilitating database management 2 processes for an enterprise via a communications network, comprising: extracting part data (support thread 40 analyses or extracts data from database 12) relating to a part from a data storage location (data storage is read as DSS database 12); retrieving activity data related to said part, said activity data including: demand data (81); purchase data (PSI data includes sales data); and creation data (read as the data created for the history of the replaced products col. 36, line 55).

However, Haung et al. fail to disclose evaluating said part data and said activity data; associating a status code with said part data based upon results of said evaluating; and storing said part data and said status code in said data storage location, wherein said facilitating said database management, processes is accomplished by a parts database management software application.

But, Underwood does disclose evaluating using functional interrelationships between business components and then assigning a code to these items and storing same in a database. It would be obvious to modify Haung et al. with the code base arrangement of the data structure of Underwood , the motivation for which would be the increased efficiency of the database relative to an unsorted one not using codes.

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RE claim 2: official notice is taken with respect to the old and well known practice of referring to parts by part number; a part name; and a part description.

RE claims 3,6, 7: Haung et al. disclose determining an occurrence of a demand for said part (data history 136,130) and the occurrence of purchase activity (col.12 lines 66,67 accessing POS data) and a date upon which said part number was entered into a database (Haung et al. table 1-3 show date created data); assessing currency of said demand (col. 41 lines 55-59 the long term demand is favored over short term) quantifying said demand (table 8 quantifies demand); wherein results of said determining said occurrence. Based upon Underwood it would be obvious to modify Huang et al. to include the steps of assessing said currency, and said quantifying said demand causes said parts database management software application to associate said status code with said part data when a first condition is met (first condition is read as planning decision in Haung et al); and perform additional evaluations of said activity data when a second condition is met given that the Underwood teaches subsequent reconfiguring of the coded data post categorization. conditions set forth in claim 6 as third and forth, etc. are read as the server manager coordination in Haung et al. The determinations form data entry of obsolete etc. is a mere design criteria set by the user of the data.

Re claim 4: see tables 7,8 e.g. part data.

Re claim 5 col. 19 lines 30 recites "each equipment's activity".

Re claim 8: the demand inquiry in Haung et al. identifies vendors which tells whether said part number is owned by a group of said enterprise. The second half of this claim does not tie any positive elements to effect the desired result.

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Re claim 9: the council is read as supply chain participants.

Re claim 10. The designation of the code to identify one of an active status and an inactive status is deemed an obvious determination for downsizing a database.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to PRIMARY EXAMINER Joseph A. Fischetti at telephone number (703) 305-0731.

Wf